 Good Life. Great Mission. DEPT OF CORRECTIONAL SERVICES	POLICY HEALTH EDUCATION AND ACCESS TO HEALTH SERVICES		
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EFFECTIVE: May 6, 1992
 REVISED: October 25, 2013
 REVIEWED: November 24, 2014
 REVISED: September 30, 2015
 REVIEWED: September 30, 2016
 REVISED: September 30, 2017
 REVISED: October 31, 2018
 REVISED: October 31, 2019
 REVISED: July 31, 2020
 REVISED: May 31, 2021
 REVISED: April 30, 2022
 REVISED: December 31, 2023


SUMMARY OF REVISION/REVIEW

PROCESS – I.A. – Language updated. I.D. – Language updated. II.C.6. – Language updated.
 II.J.1. – Language updated. II.J.2. II.R.1.a. – Language updated. II.R.2.a. – Language updated.
 Minor grammar changes throughout.

APPROVED:


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PURPOSE

To provide policy to ensure Nebraska Department of Correctional Services (NDCS) patients receive unimpeded access to health care services and health education programs.

It is the policy of NDCS that patients are provided unimpeded access to health care services and that an ongoing program of health education and wellness is provided to all patients. (ACI-6A-20, ACRS-4C-01)

DEFINITIONS

For medical and mental health definitions, see policy 115.50, *Health Services Definitions*.

PROCESS


I. HEALTH EDUCATION (ACRS-5A-10)

- A. The goal of health education shall be to effectively inform the patient population regarding health care topics and to encourage them to take responsibility for their own health care. All facilities are encouraged to utilize available health information and materials such as videos, pamphlets, brochures, etc. This information should be current and in keeping with the health concerns of the general public and be coordinated with the NDCS health service community health educator. Each facility should consider topics applicable to their respective populations.
- B. Health education and wellness topics may include but, are not to be limited to, information on access to health care services, dangers of self-medication, personal hygiene and dental care, prevention of communicable diseases, substance abuse, smoking awareness, family planning, self-care for chronic conditions, self-examination, and the benefits of physical fitness. Topics on the subject of AIDS and hepatitis must be approved through the Infection control nurse, director of nursing and NDCS medical director.
- C. In collaboration with NDCS health service team members and the community partners, health education will be provided to the patients.
- D. Documentation of health education provided to patients is in the progress notes of the individual receiving the education. Areas identified for the education include subject matter, outline of education provided, and how the patient interprets the information given. This will be placed in the individual medical record at the end of the class provided.
- E. The community health educator will report to the director of nursing.

II. ACCESS TO HEALTH SERVICES (ACI-6A-01)

A. Access and Grievances

Patients are provided unimpeded access to health care and a system for processing complaints (incarcerated individual grievance processes) regarding health care. These policies are communicated orally and in writing to patients upon arrival at the reception facility and are translated into a language clearly understood by each patient.

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B. Sick Call

1. The process for all patients to initiate requests for medical on a daily basis is the utilization of the inmate interview request form. Medical request form will be used in place of the inmate interview request form in those facility employing open sick call. These requests are triaged daily by health professionals per a priority system that addresses routine, urgent, and emergency complaints. Clinical services are available to patients in a clinical setting at least five days a week and are performed by a physician or other qualified health care professional. (ACI-6A-03)
2. If a patient's housing assignment precludes attendance at sick call, arrangements are made to provide sick call services in the place of the patient's detention.

C. Restrictive Housing Status (ACI-4B-01)

1. Custody team members shall inform health care personnel immediately upon assignment or transfer of a patient to any restrictive housing status as defined in policies 210.01, *Restrictive Housing* and policy 115.22, *Mental Health Levels of Care*.
2. Health care professionals will provide an assessment upon notification to restrictive housing.
3. Health care professionals will sign in and shall perform daily rounds in restrictive housing units unless medical attention is needed more frequently. See *Restrictive Housing Sign-In Sheet* (Attachment A).
4. Custody team members shall announce and record the presence of health care personnel upon entrance into the restrictive housing unit.
5. Health care professionals will make a door to door visit within restrictive housing units to assure each patient has the opportunity to access health services daily.
6. A medical provider shall visit restrictive housing units at least monthly.

D. Continuity of Care


Continuity of care is required from admission to transfer to discharge from the facility, including referral to community care when indicated. If needed, community services are used to supplement existing programs and services. (ACI-6A-04, ACRS-7D-26)

E. Specialist Care

For secure facilities, arrangements are made with health care specialists as determined by need. Specialist care may include telemedicine.

F. Hospital, Infirmary and Other Health Care Facilities

1. Patients who need health care beyond the resources available in the facility, as determined by the responsible physician, are transferred under appropriate security provisions to a facility where such care is on call or available 24 hours per

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day. A written list of referral sources includes emergency and routine care. The list is reviewed and updated annually. (ACI-6A-05)

2. Patients are provided access to NDCS Skilled Nursing Facilities (SNF) which includes at a minimum: (ACI-6A-09)
 - a. Definition of the scope of infirmary care services available
 - b. A physician on call 24 hours a day or available twenty-four hours per day
 - c. Health care personnel with access to a provider or registered nurse
 - d. Health care personnel on duty 24 hours per day
 - e. All patients within sight or sound of a team member
 - f. A manual of nursing care procedures
 - g. An infirmary record that is a separate and distinct section of the medical record
 - h. Compliance with applicable state statutes and local licensing requirements

G. Transportation for Access to Health Services (ACI-6A-06)

A transportation system that assures timely access to services that are only available outside the correctional facility is required. Such a system needs to address the following issues:

1. Prioritization of medical need
2. Urgency (for example, an ambulance versus a standard transport)
3. Use of a medical escort to accompany security team members
4. Transfer of medical information


The safe and timely transportation of patients for medical, mental health, and dental clinic appointments, both inside and out the correctional facility (for example, to the hospital, health care provider, or another correctional facility) is the joint responsibility of the warden, facility health care coordinator and/or the nurse manager of the facility.

H. Telehealth

If telehealth is used, the plan will include policies for patient consent, confidentiality/protected health information, and documentation integration of the report of the consultation into the incarcerated individual medical record. (ACI-6C-11)

I. Chronic and Convalescent Care

1. Chronic and convalescent care will be made available to patients.

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There is a plan for the treatment of patients with chronic conditions such as hypertension, diabetes, and other diseases that require periodic care and treatment. The plan must address the monitoring of medications, laboratory testing, the use of chronic care clinics, health record forms, and the frequency of specialist consultation and review. (ACI-6A-18)

2. Medical preventative care is provided to patients of the facility when medically indicated.

J. Individual Treatment Plans (ACI-6A-07)

1. Except for community corrections centers, facilities provide a special health program for patients requiring close medical supervision. A written individual treatment plan for those patients requiring close medical supervision is developed, including chronic and convalescent care.


The plan, developed for each patient by the appropriate physician, dentist or qualified mental health practitioner, includes directions to health care and other personnel regarding their roles in the care and supervision of the patient. (ACI-6C-15)

2. As appropriate, treatment team members are informed of patients' special medical problems. Team members are also informed of any physical or mental problems that might require attention.
3. NDCS provides unimpeded access to health care services to all patients but it is not the responsibility of NDCS to correct every medical condition of each patient while in custody, unless otherwise approved by the NDCS medical director.

K. Dental Care (ACI-6A-19, ACRS-4C-11)

Routine and emergency dental care is provided to each individual sentenced to NDCS under the direction and supervision of a licensed dentist. There is a defined scope of available dental services, including emergency dental care, which includes the following:

1. Dental screening conducted within seven days of admission, unless completed within the last 90 days.
2. A full dental examination by a dentist within 30 days.
3. Oral hygiene, oral disease education and self-care instruction are provided by a qualified health care provider within 30 days.
4. A completed defined charting system that identifies the oral health condition and specifies the priorities for treatment by category.
5. Consultation and referral to dental specialists, including oral surgery, is provided, when necessary.

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L. Medical and Dental Adaptive Devices

Medical or dental adaptive devices (eyeglasses, hearing aids, dentures, wheelchairs, or other prosthetic devices) are provided when the health of the patient would otherwise be adversely affected, as determined by the responsible physician or dentist. (ACI-6A-40)

Any device provided will within reason, be appropriately labeled to identify the patient in which the devices were issued. The label must include at least the following information:

1. Patient name
2. Patient number
3. Type of device
4. Expiration date of issuance


M. Organ Donation By Patients

This procedure only applies to living patients.

1. Organ donations by patients are only permitted when the recipient is an immediate member of the patient's family. The patient must request consideration as a donor in writing to the NDCS medical director. A written request must be received from the potential recipient's physician requesting consideration of the patient as a donor. Authorization to screen the patient as a potential donor will be made through a joint decision of the NDCS director and NDCS medical director.
2. The patient must sign a statement indicating the desire to donate an organ to the specific relative prior to the initiation of the evaluation. The consent must state the patient understands the potential complications of the procedure and the patient agrees to the procedure at his/her own free will.
3. When a surgical procedure is planned, all costs including preoperative evaluation, transportation, surgery, hospitalization, post-operative expenses, etc. are not the responsibility of the NDCS medical department unless prior approval by the NDCS director and NDCS medical director is documented.

N. Organ Transplant

1. NDCS ordinarily will not provide organ transplantation to patients if other means of treatment are available and effective.
2. If medically indicated, the attending physician will submit a medical summary and written request to the NDCS medical director. This request will include a complete documentation of the patient's history, present status, medical diagnosis, prognosis and request for consideration of transplant procedure.
3. The case will be presented to the NDCS medical team members.

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4. The final disposition on organ transplantation will be a joint decision between the NDCS director and NDCS medical director.

O. Elective Surgery (ACI-6C-05)


Elective surgery shall not occur unless approved by the NDCS medical director. All expenses incurred for the elective procedure will be the responsibility of the patient unless otherwise approved.

1. Elective medical and dental services are those which:
 - a. Are provided for cosmetic reasons
 - b. Are not necessary to maintain a patient's basic physical health
2. Non-elective medical and dental services are those which:
 - a. Are necessary to prevent death
 - b. Are necessary to prevent or treat acute traumatic injury
 - c. Are necessary to prevent or treat a chronic or acute disease
 - d. Are necessary to treat a physical disability which seriously impairs the patient's use of sight, hearing, limbs, or otherwise seriously impairs ability to engage in gainful activity
 - e. Are necessary to alleviate pain which is substantiated by some objective findings
 - f. Are necessary to monitor the patient's health and evaluate health care needs

P. Informed Consent

All informed consent standards in the jurisdiction shall be observed and documented for patient care in a language understood by the patient. In the case of minors, the informed consent of a parent, guardian, or a legal custodian applies when required by law. When health care is rendered against the patient's will, it is in accord with state and federal laws and regulations. Otherwise, any patient may refuse (in writing) medical, dental, and mental health care. (ACI-6C-04, ACRS-AC-19)

1. Before rendering medical treatment to a patient, a medical professional should inform the patient of the potential adverse consequences of such medical treatment and give the patient an opportunity to refuse the medical treatment or to accept the treatment. Where the potential adverse consequences of the proposed medical treatment are significant or the probability that adverse consequences are high, then the medical professional should note the potential adverse consequences in writing and obtain the patient's signature on the notification, acknowledging its receipt and his/her consent to submit to the treatment. The

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decision of when such information or notifications should be given rests with the treating medical professional.


2. The informed consent of a patient in a correctional facility shall be obtained before medical treatment is rendered. Medical treatment may be given to a patient against his/her will only by court order or as provided in paragraph II.O.3.
3. The right of a mentally competent patient to refuse medical treatment must be respected, no matter how seriously threatened his/her health may be as a result of that refusal except that under one or more of the following conditions, treatment may proceed without such informed consent:
 - a. Where the patient has contracted a contagious illness or venereal disease which, in the opinion of the physician, represents a health threatening condition for the general patient population of the facility, or
 - b. Where the patient is suicidal or not mentally competent to render a reasonable decision on his/her own behalf, or
 - c. Emergency care involving patients who do not have the capacity to understand the information given.

Q. Obstetrics, Gynecological, Family Planning and Health Education

When and where applicable, obstetrical, gynecological, family planning and health education services should be provided. Pregnancy management shall include pregnancy testing, routine prenatal care, high-risk prenatal care, management of the chemically addicted pregnant patient, comprehensive counseling and assistance, appropriate nutrition, postpartum follow-up and postpartum discharge family planning. No abortion services shall be provided to patients and no public funds shall be expended to assist patients in community centers to receive abortions in the community. (ACI-6A-10, ACRS-4C-14)

R. Condoms and Birth Control Pills

1. Condoms
 - a. Condoms will be made available to patients by request only when discharged, paroled, or furloughed from NDCS facilities and will be dispensed by personnel from a central point determined by the warden within the facility. The primary reason for distribution is to prevent disease transmission and for purposes of family planning and birth control.
 - b. Within NDCS facilities, condoms are considered contraband and will be confiscated from all patients upon admission to any facility.
 - c. Patients transferring to community corrections centers will not be issued condoms.
 - d. Pre-release education programs will be offered to all patients regarding infectious disease control and use of condoms.

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2. Birth Control Pills

- a. Birth Control Pills may be issued to female patients within facilities for health reasons upon a doctor's order, and not for the purpose of family planning or birth control.
- b. Additionally, upon request, patients may access the Elective Procedure Protocol (#2) to receive family planning and prescribed birth control pills 30 days prior to discharge or parole. They are not to be made available to patients in anticipation of a furlough.

S. Nursery

In facilities where nursing infants are allowed to remain with their mothers, provisions are in place for a nursery, staffed by qualified persons, where infants are placed when they are not in the care of their mothers. (ACI-6A-11)

T. Medical Copayment

NDCS currently does not have a copayment for the correctional population for medical or mental health services. (ACI-6A-02)

U. Emergency Health Care (ACRS-4C-03)

Twenty-hour emergency medical, dental, and mental health care is provided for patients, which includes arrangements for the following:

- 1. On site emergency first aid and crisis intervention
- 2. Emergency evacuation of the patients from the facility
- 3. Use of an emergency medical vehicle
- 4. Use of one or more designated hospital emergency rooms or other appropriate health facilities
- 5. Emergency on-call physician, dentist, and mental health professional services when the emergency health facility is not located in a nearby community
- 6. Security procedures providing for the immediate transfer of patients, when appropriate

REFERENCE

- I. STATUTORY REFERENCE AND OTHER AUTHORITY – None noted
- II. NDCS POLICIES
 - A. Policy 115.22, *Mental Health Levels of Care*

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B. Policy 115.50, *Health Services Definitions*

C. Policy 210.01, *Restrictive Housing*

III. ATTACHMENTS

A. Restrictive Housing Sign-In Sheet

IV. AMERICAN CORRECTIONAL ASSOCIATION (ACA)

A. Expected Practices for Adult Correctional Institutions (ACI) (5th edition): 5-ACI-6A-01, 5-ACI-6A-02, 5-ACI-6A-03, 5-ACI-6A-04, 5-ACI-6A-05, 5-ACI-6A-06, 5-ACI-6A-07, 5-ACI-6A-09, 5-ACI-6A-10, 5-ACI-6A-11, 5-ACI-6A-18, 5-ACI-6A-19, 5-ACI-6A-20, 5-ACI-6A-40, 5-ACI-6C-04, 5-ACI-6C-05, 5-ACI-4B-01, 5-ACI-6C-11, 5-ACI-6C-15

B. Standards for Adult Community Residential Services (ACRS) (4th edition): 4-ACRS-4C-01, 4-ACRS-4C-03, 4-ACRS-4C-11, 4-ACRS-4C-14, 4-ACRS-4C-19, 4-ACRS-5A-10, 4-ACRS-7D-26